l am glad to have the chance of greet-ng the National Educational Association, or in all this democratic land there is more genuinely democratic association and this. It is truly democratic, because here each member meets every other memhere each member meets every office here as his peer without regard to whether he is the president of one of the great universities or the newest recruit to that high atties of the new profession which has in its and honorable profession which has in its charge the upbringing and training of those boys and girls who in a few short years will themselves be settling the despense of the profession of the profession which has been been settling the despense of the profession which has been been been settling the despense of the profession which has in its charge of the profession which has been charged or the profession which has been c this nation. It is not too much at the most characteristic work of that done by the educators, have at least firmly grasped of that we cannot do our part in the street and all important work of vernment, that we cannot rule and rn ourselves, unless we approach the with developed minds and trained

characters. "you teachers make the whole world our debtor. If you did not do your ork well this republic would not en-tre beyond the span of the genera-ten. Moreover, as an incident to your rowed work, you render some wellnigh services to the country. For instance, you render to the republic the prime, the vital service of amalgamating omogeneous body the children tho are born here and of se who come here from so many different lands abroad. You furnish a common ands abroad. You furnish a common raining and common ideals for the children stall the mixed peoples who are here being fused into one nationality. It is in no small degree due to you and your efforts that we are one people instead of a group

of arring peoples.

Moreover, where altogether too much prominence is given to the mere possession of wealth, the country is under heavy obligations to such a lody as this, which substitutes for the ideal of accumulating money the infinitely loftier, non-materialistic ideal of devotion to work worth doing simply for that work's sake. I do not in the least underestimate the need of having maleast underestimate the need of having material prosperity as the basis of our civilization; but I most earnestly insist that if our civilization does not build a lofty superstructure on this basis we can never rank among the really great peoples. A certain amount of money is of course a necessary thing, as much for the nation as for the individual; and there are few movements in which I more thoroughly believe than the movement to secure better remunin the movement to secure better remun-eration for our teachers. But, after all, the service you render is incalculable, because of the very fact that by your lives you show that you believe ideals to be worth sacrifice and that you are splendidly eager

sacrifice and that you are spiendidly eager to do non-remunerative work if this work is of good to your fellow men.

"To furnish in your lives such a realized high ideal is to do a great service to the country. The chief harm done by the men of swollen fortune to the community is not the harm that the demanagine is and to not the harm that the demagogue is apt to depict as springing from their actions, but the fact that their success sets up a false the fact that their success sets up a raise standard, and so serves as a had example for the rest of us. If we did not ourselves attach an exaggerated importance to the rich man who is distinguished only by his riches this rich man would have a most in-significant influence over us. It is generally our own fault if he does damage to us, for he damages us chiefly by arousing our envy he damages us chiefly by arousing our envy or by rendering us sour and discontented actual business relations he is much more apt to benefit than harm the rest of us; and though it is eminently to take whatever steps are neces sary in order to prevent the excep-tional members of his class from doing is wicked folly to let ourselves be harm, it is wicked folly to be offisered tested drawn into any attack upon the man of wealth merely as such. Moreover, such an attack is in itself an exceptionally crooked and ugly tribute to wealth, and therefore the and crooked state of mind in the man mak-

Venomous ervy of wealth is simply another form of the spirit which in one of its manifestations takes the shape of cringing mannestations takes the snape of cringing servility toward wealth and in another the shape of brutal arrogance on the part of certain men of wealth. Each one of these states of mind, whether it be hatred, servility or arrogance, is in reality closely akin to the other two, for each of them springs to the other two, for each of them springs from a fantastically twisted and exaggerated idea of the importance of wealth as compared to other things. The clamor of the demagogue against wealth, the snobbery of the social columns of the newspapers which deal with the doings of the wealthy and the misconduct of those men of wealth who act with brutal disregard of the rights of others seem superficially. of the rights of others seem superficially to have no fundamental relation, yet in reality they spring from shortcomings which are fundamentally the same, and one of these shortcomings is the failure to have proper ideals.
"This failure must be remedied in large

part by the actions of you and your fellow teachers, your fellow educators throughout this land. By your lives, no less than by your teachings, you show that while you regard wealth as a good thing you regard other things as still better. It is absolutely necessary to earn a certain amount of money; it is a man's first duty to those dependent upon him to earn enough for their support; but after a certain point been reached money making can never and on the same plane with other and nobler forms of effort

"The roll of American worthies numbers men like Washington and Lincoln, Grant and Farragut, Hawthorne and Poe, Fulton Saint-Gaudens and Macmonnies mbers statesmen and soldiers etters, artists, sculptors, men of science inventors, explorers, road makers, bridge milders, philanthropists, moral leaders great reforms; it numbers men who have deserved well in any one of countless fields of activity; but of rich men it numbers only those who have used their riches aright. who have treated wealth not as an end but as a means, who have shown good con-duct in acquiring it and not merely lavish generosity in disposing of it.

Thrice fortunate are you to whom it is given to lead lives of resolute endeavor or the achievement of lofty ideals, and, furthermore, to instil, both by your lives and by your teachings, these ideals into the minds of those who in the next generation will, as the men and woman of that generation, determine the position which this nation will hold in the history of man-

In closing I want to speak to you of how ain things, some of which have happened and some of which have been suggested to me by what has happened the past week emphasize what I have said to you as to the importance to this country of having within its limits men who put the realization of high ideals above any form of money

Within a week this country has lost a at statesman who was also a great man letters, a man who occupied a peculiar and unique position in our country, a man of whose existence we could each of us be proud, for the United States as a whole was better because John Hay lived. John y entered the pullic service as a young n, just come of age, as the secretary of sident Lincoln. He served in the war and was a member of the Loyal Legion. He was trusted by and was intimate with

as was hardly any other man. He then went on rendering service after service, and, always able, he could at any moment go back to private life unless he could continue in public life on his own terms. He went on rendering service after service to be serviced t after service to the country until as the dimax of his career he served as Secretary of State under two successive administra-tions, and by what he did and by what he was, contributed in no small degree to casional showers and thunds achieving for this Republic the respect of to-morrow: light south winds.

the nations of mankind. Such service as that could not have been rendered save by a man who had before him ideals as far apart as the poles from those ideals which have in them any taint of what is

which have in them any taint of what is base or sordid.

Now, I wished to secure as John Hay's successor the man whom I regarded as of all the men in the country that one best fitted to be such successor. In asking him to accept the position of Secretary of State I was asking him to submit to a very great pecuniary sacrifice and I never even thought of that aspect of the question, for I knew he would not either. I knew that whatever other considerations he had to weigh for and against taking the position the consideration of how it would affect his personal fortune would not be taken into account by Elihu Root, and he has accepted. by Elihu Root, and he has accepted

I am not speaking of Hay and Root as solitary exceptions. On the contrary, I am speaking of them as typical of a large class of men in public life. Even when we hear so much criticism of certain aspects of our public life and of certain of our public servants (orticism which I regret to lic servants (criticism which I regret state is in many cases deserved) it is v for us to remember also the other side of the picture; to remember that here in America we now have and always have had at the command of the nation in any crisis. in any emergency, the very best ability to be found within the nation, and that ability

has been given with the utmost freedom, given lavishly and generously, although at great recuniary loss to the man giving it.

There is not in my Cabinet a man to whom it is not a financial disadvantage to stay in the Cabinet. There is not in my Cabinet one man who does not have to give the company the cabinet of the cabinet. to give up something substantial, often very much that is substantial, sometimes what is a very real hardship for him to give

what is a very real hardship for him to give up, in order that he may continue in the service of the nation and have the only reward for which he looks or for which he cares, the consciousness of having done service that was worth rendering.

I hope more and more throughout this nation to see the spirit grow which makes such service possible. I hope more and more to see the sentiment of the country as a whole become such that each man shall feel borne in on him, whether he is in public feel borne in on him, whether he is in public life or private life (and, mind you, some of the greatest public services can be best rendered by those who are not in public life), that the change to do good work is the greatest chance that can come to any man or any woman in our generation, or in any other generation and to feel that if such work can be well done it is in itself the amplest reward and the amplest prize. The speech was punctuated with many heers so that the President had to put cheers, so that the President had to put up his hand to stop it, and at the close there was prolonged and thunderous applause, and all the thousands of auditors beamed upon each other and on the President

upon each other and on the President in approval of his remarks.

A tew words of response were spoken by John R. Kirk, president of the Kirksville State Normal School, and then came a little speech by Miss Katherine D. Blake, who is principal of Public School 6 and a daughter of Lillie Devereux Blake, the woman suffragist advocate. Miss Blake told how years are when she and her mother woman suffragist advocate. Miss Blake told how years ago when she and her mother heard the President, who was then in the Legislature, her mother told her "that young man is going to be President of the United States."

"He is the greatest teacher of the Miss Blake."

United States."

"He is the greatest teacher of us all,"
Miss Blake said. "We are teachers of
children, but he is a teacher of men; nay,
more, he is a teacher of nations. He is
more than a great man; he is the best loved
man in the whole round world."

The President warmly shook hands with
Miss Blake. Miss Blake.

CARNIVAL FOR EDUCATORS.

The Lake Between Asbury Park and Ocean Grove in Electric Glow.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 7 .- After Asbury Park and Ocean Grove had recovered from the delirium of the President's visit this afternoon there was a revel on Wesley Lake, which is a pretty sheet of water separating the two towns. The object was to convince the schoolteachers that a Venetian carnival could be pulled off on the Jersey shore just as fine as one upon the fresh waters of the West. A miniature battleship, illuminated with electric globes served as a band stand in the center of the lake. An electric fountain also contributed to the scenic effect, while around the entire sheet of water were strung thousands of varicolored electric globes. There was also a display of fireworks. President Maxwell, Dr. Green and other prominent educators were among the judges designated to distribute prizes.

nated to distribute prizes. The next convention of the educators probably will be held in San Francisco. It was evident to-day that the rank and file of the convention favored the Pacific Slope. There is a division, however, in the executive committee, and the members of that body will go to California in October to look over the ground. Mexico City is a competitor, but gained little during the week. The Mormons are also after the schoolma'ams, and they have been asked to meet

in Salt Lake City, Utah. Department presidents elected for the ensuing year are: Manual training, Frank M. Leavitt, Boston Business sections, H. N. Rowe, Baltimore; Science instruction, P. A. Senter, Omaha; Literary, J. N. Wilk-inson, Kansas; Physical education, Dr. F. Norman Arnold, New Haven; Kindergarten, Miss Mary C. May, Salt Lake City; Second-ary education, E. W. Little, Albany, N. Y. Elementary education, Mrs. Alice W. Cooley

Lightning Strangely Marks Body of Its Victim.

NEWPORT, Vt., July 7.- The body of Edward Cota was found yesterday at East Hill, several miles from North Troy, in a field where he had been struck by lightning. He fell among wild ferns, and when the body was lifted it was found that one side appeared as though the ferns had been photographed upon it.

Attempts Suicide Just Before His Execution. OWENSBORO, Ky., July 7.—Robert Mathley was hanged here at 4:45 o'clock this morning for the murder of Emma Watkins and James Gregson. When the officers went to awaken Mathley for the execution it was discovered that his bed was covered with blood. He had attempted to tear the artery of his arm with his nails while pretending to be asleep.

The Weather.

The center of the western low pressure area tropped southward and was located over northern Indiana and Illinois yesterday, continuing to cause rain in the Lake regions, Mississippi Valley and at scattered points eastward to the middle and south Atlantic coasts. There were thunderstorms also in the upper Mississippi Valley and cloudy con-ditions prevailed in New York and New England. Rocky Mountain sections and extreme west

generally fair weather prevailed. The temperature rose at most points in New England and in the Missouri Valley and upper Rocky Mountain section, and on the Pacific coast. Elsewhere the temperature changes were slight and

In this city the day was partly cloudy and warmer; wind, fresh southeast; average humidity, 72 pe cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the

official thermometer, is shown in the annexed 1905. 1904. 1905. 73° 78° 6 P. M. 75° 77° 78° 9 P. M. 73° 76° 74° 12 Mid. 72°

Highest temperature, 77°, at 12 noon. WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO DAY AND TO MORROW.

For eastern New York, partly cloudy to-day; showers to morrow: light southeast winds. For eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland, occasional showers to-day and to-morrow; light southeast winds.

For New Jersey, partly cloudy to-day, with showers in south portion; showers to-morrow; light southeast winds. For New England, partly cloudy to-day and to-

York, showers to-day and to-morrow; light variable For the District of Columbia and Virginia, oc casional showers and thunderstorms to-day and

morrow: light southeast to south winds.

For western Pennsylvania and western New

CLEVELAND WON'T RESIGN.

ON THE CONTRARY, IS HELPING EQUITABLE REFORM PLANS.

Trustees Held Conference Yesterday on Names Suggested for Vacancies in Board of Directors-Hendricks Asked to Certify That Society Is Solvent.

The story published yesterday that Grover Cleveland is going to withdraw as one of the rustees of the Equitable stock bought from James Hazen Hyde by Thomas F. Ryan was denied emphatically by Mr. Cleveland, The

ex-President authorized this statement: "Nothing has occurred thus far to dissatisfy me in the least, and the idea of retiring from the trusteeship has never entered my mind."

The story served to bring out the fact that Mr. Cleveland, instead of thinking of retiring, is on the contrary more deeply interested than ever in the reorganization of the society and is practically giving his entire time to cooperating with Chairman Paul Morton in planning reforms. It was expected when Mr. Cleveland was named as one of the trustees of the Ryan stock that his voice would be dominant i the future policy of the society, but it as hardly thought that the ex-President would care to take the time or trouble to consider the details of management.

The two other trustees, Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and George Westinghouse, although appointed as was Mr. Cleveland, merely to select the society's directors and vote the Ryan stock, are joining the ex-President in cooperating with the new management in outlining the society's

If Mr. Cleveland caused any inquiries to be made concerning the status of Equitable affairs, he had, it was said yesterday, done so merely for the purpose of satisfy ing himself in regard to the legal aspects of his position as trustee. Wayne Mac-Veagh, who is a close friend of Mr. Cleve-land, called at the Attorney-Gences!'s land, called at the Attorney-Gencral's office in this city several days ago, and it was reported at that time that he had made the visit in the interest of the ex-President to get from Mr. Mayer his general opinion on the situation. It was not denied yesterday that Mr. MacVeagh did represent Mr. Cleveland in this way, but the step taken, it was declared, was nothing more than any man would have done in accentthan any man would have done in accepting a place of great responsibility such as the trusteeship

Mr. Cleveland has been at the Hotel Buckingham since last Wednesday engaged most of the time with Equitable affairs. Yesterday he was in conference the greater part of the day with Justice O'Brien and Mr. part of the day with Justice O'Brien and Mr. Westinghouse going over the names of candidates suggested for election to the Equitable directorate to fill the nineteen vacancies still existing. The suggestions have come in letters from policyholders all over the country and in communications from policyholders' organizations. Although in a general way the trustees have the men whom they will recommend pretty well in mind, no definite announcement will be made until next week, when a meeting of the board of directors will be called to act on the names.

o act on the names. Chairman Paul Morton was at his desk again yesterday and was kept busy all day disposing of the business that had accumulated during his absence with the President at during his absence with the Freshelm as the Hay funeral. He was asked whether the retirement of Elihu Root as counsel for the Equitable would have any very great

"We are," said he, "very sorry indeed to lose Mr. Root, but what is our loss is the President's gain."

Mr. Root was in conference yesterday morning with representatives of the new management, but nothing was given out for publication in regard to the meeting. It was said yesterday that Samuel Untermyer, James H. Hyde's counsel, would sail for Europe next Tuesday, to be gone for two months, and that Mr. Hyde also might go abroad about the same time. Whether go abroad about the same time. Whether Mr. Hyde will go or not will depend largely. was said yesterday, on what Distric at was said yesterday, on what District Attorney Jerome has to say when he returns from Kansas next Monday. Mr. Hyde intended to leave the country, but the re-ports of the District Attorney's intentions nothing that was likely to prevent Mr. Hyde from leaving. Mr. Hyde, it was said yesterday, did not want to appear to be evading anything in connection with the Equitable scandal and he will probably not leave until he has heard again from Mr.

The society's executive committee held its regular meeting yesterday, but nothing other than the routine business was transacted. Chairman Morton presided, and ex-Chairman James H. Hyde attended. Chairman James H. Hyde attended.

It was learned yesterday that the meeting of the metropolitan agents in General Manager Archibald Haynes's office, at 25 Broad street, on Thursday resulted in the

appointment of a committee, made up of John W. Keller and Agents Cordner and Cornell, to wait upon Supt. Hendricks and ask him to issue a formal statement over his signature to the effect that he has found the Equitable society entirely solvent. Mr. Hendricks stated this fact in his pre-Mr. Hendricks stated this fact in his pre-liminary report and also in a formal an-nouncement made before the publication of the report. The agents say, however, that they think another statement from Mr. Hendricks over his signature will help them in soliciting business. The agents were advised by Mr. Havnes to get out and hustle for non-participating instead of deferred dividend policies. Non-par-ticipating insurance would not result in such a large surplus being carried by the society. society.

MORE GRAND JURORS BOB UP. Body That May Consider Equitable Matters Now Numbers 21.

When the July Grand Jury was sworn in on Wednesday there were only eighteen members, the smallest number on record. This was commented on by Judge Foster in General Sessions after referring to the investigation of the past management of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Since then two more Grand Jurers have responded, saying that they got their summonses out of town. They are Vincent J. Slattery of Horgan & Slattery, who were known as the "Tammany architects," and De Forrest Grant. They were sworn in

yesterday Judge Foster received a letter from Willis L. Sawyer, who wrote from Fort Monroe that his Grand Jury notice had been forwarded to him there. Mr. Sawyer is the owner of the yacht Nomad and he started on the ocean race of the Brooklyn Varlet Club. Foster received a letter from

Yacht Club.

Mr. Sawyer wrote to Judge Foster that his yacht had run into a gale which delayed him making port. He said he would start at once for this city and would be here on Monday, when he will be sworn in. He will make the twenty-first Grand Juror.

The testimony taken by Sucerintendent

The testimony taken by Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks in the Equitable investigation has not reached the District Attorney's office yet. Acting Assistant District Attorney Nott expected to get it yesterday because he understood Attorneyyesterday, because he understood Attorney General Mayer had received a copy of the

"SILVER PLATE THAT WEARS" The Silversmith Knows that spoons, forks, knives, etc., of best reputation bear the trade mark

1847 ROGERS BROS."

The 50 years since they were first introduced have developed nothing better.

In buying Tea Sets, Candelabra, Trays, etc., ask for the goods of MERIDEN BRITA CO.

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Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century. Very convenient for tourists.

J. W. Lyon. D.D.S.

YALE TANK FOR BOTH SEXES.

PROMISCUOUS SWIMMING AL-LOWED IN SUMMER SCHOOL GYM.

Separate Hours Might Let the Women Students Monopolize the Pool-Some Fussy Men Don't Quite Like the New Ruling of the Athletic Department.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 7 .- The officials of the athletic department of the Yale summer school were called into executive session to-day to decide the momentous question as to whether the university should take a stand in favor of promiscuous swimming in the Yale gymnasium tank. Both men and women students of the

summer school want to learn to swim, and they are anxious to learn at the same time in the Yale tank. When the curriculum for the school was arranged to include lessons in swimming, it was expected to have women's hours, when the women students could have the exclusive use of the tank, but when schedules of recitations were made out it was found that the women might monopolize the tank and there was

might monopolize the tank and there was a big protest against this on the part of the hundred or more men students.

Then some one suggested that the university dispense with ceremony and that everybody, regardless of sex or color, get into the tank together. There was opposition on the part of some of those who held that Yale should take a stand with a few of the summer resorts where with a few of the summer resorts where promiscuous bathing is frowned upon, and prohibited, but others held that, if the Yale men and women wanted to swim together

the University was not called on to make a rule to the contrary.

The latter element prevailed, and tomorrow the Yale tank for the first time in its history will be thrown open to all who want to take a plunge. Some of the first is a rule of the state want to take a plunge. Some of the "fussies" among the men students don't take to the idea of a dive into the tank with the chance of bumping into a squad co eds cavorting under water.

PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE. The Commission Will Recommend Its Extension in This City.

WASHINGTON, July 7 .- The commission appointed by the Postmaster-General to report to him as to the possibility of extending the pneumatic tube service in cities where it is now in operation and of establishing it in cities that have applied for such service will meet on Saturday or carly next week to begin the work of putting their conclusions into written form for submission to the Postmaster-

of the service in New York, and possibly in other cities where it is now in opera-tion, will be recommended, as well as its establishment in cities of the second class Postal officials generally believe that all the stations in New York should be connected by tubes with the main office, but this would entail an expense, it is said, that cannot be undertaken for some time

Movements of Naval Vessels

WASHINGTON, July 7 .- The monitor Nerada has arrived at Rockland, the cruiser Cleveland at Sanches, the cruiser Dixie at Gibraltar, the Lattleships Ohio and Wiscon-sin, the cruisers Baltimore, Cincinnati and Raleigh, the torpedo boats Barry, Bainbridge, Chauncey and Decatur, the gun-boat General Alava and the tug Nanshan at Wusung, the receiving ship Dale, and the tug Boxer at Annapolis, the cruiser Boston at Bremerton and the battleship Oregon at Chefoo.

regon at Cheloo. The training ship Hartford has sailed om Gardiner's Bay for Rockland, the onitor Florida from Eastport for Lamoine, gunboats Bornet and Siren from Norfor Newport, the gunboat Newport Sanches for Moute Cristi and the etomac from Norfolk for Portsmouth,

President Castro's Title.

WASHINGTON, July 7 .- "Restorer of Venezuela" is the title which President Castro of Venezuela has had conferred upon him by his Congress. Official posters have been issued throughout Venezuela pro-claiming Castro as "Restaurador de Vendent Castro in terms of extravagant praise

Office.

More Clerks and Laborers for Our Post

WASHINGTON, July 7 .- Nineteen addi-

tional clerks and ten additional laborers have been allowed for service in the New York Post Office, effective on the 10th inst.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, July 7 .- These army orders wer

ave of absence on account of sickness granted or Elljah W. Halford, Paymaster of Atlantic ision, is extended three months on surgeon's rillicate of disability. Major William A. Mercer is assigned to Eleventh Major William A. Mercer is assigned to Leventh Cavalry.
Major Daniel Robinson, U. S. A., retired, to recruiting service at Des Moines, Ia., relieving Major Homer W. Wheeler, Eleventh Cavalry.
Capt. Frederick E. Phelps, retired, relieved from duty at North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, to take effect Aug. 15.
Capt. Henry R. Stiles. Assistant Surgeon, is retired by reason of disability incident to service.
Capt. Williard A. Holbrook, Fifth Cavairy, detailed as professor of military science and factics at Pennsylvania Military College. Chester, Pa.,

These naval orders were issued: Lieut R. I. Curtin, from command of the Mac-donough to home and walt orders. Lieut. H. McCarthy, from Naval Academy to command of the Macdonough.



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For saminer style and common the analog collar that sainds the weather and the laundry; because it's Linen.
It has the "Shp-Easy" band, suited to easy adjustment of soars.
Three-thread eyelet.end button-holes, durable for wear and easy to button.
Cut-out corners, which prevent cracking Cut-out corners, which prevent cracking where strain on collar is greatest. Wide stitching-attractive and full of

Fine linen and four-ply. 2 for 25c. Look for the H. & I. Warranted Linen If your dealer won't supply you, nend us his name, saking for book-ct, "Linen versus Cotton," and get oliar-wise.



TAR'S BODY FOR PAUL JONES'S

AMERICAN SAILOR OF ESCORT CREW BURIED AT CHERBOURG.

Remains of the Naval Hero Will Be Em barked on the Flagship Brooklyn To-day-Crowds Pass Shed Where Body Lies-Crews Complimented

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
CHERBOURG, July 7.—The body of John
Paul Jones arrived here to-day from Paris and the ceremonies attending its reception were very picturesque. Large crowds witnessed the transfer of the coffin from the train.

The escort, consisting of 500 sailors, left the train at the landing stage. The men looked remarkably neat despite their night journey from Paris. They formed in single line on the platform, extending the whole length of the train. Then a muffled drum sounded and the men smartly presented arms while the coffin was transferred to a shed on the quay, where it will remain until it is taken on board the flagship Brooklyn to-morrow for its final jour-

ney to Annapolis. The exterior of the shed was draped with French and American flags. The interior had been arranged as a charelle ardente and was decorated with the tricolor, palms and flowers. The coffin was placed on a catafalque, to the right of which American sailors stood guard, while on the left were French bluejackets. The coffin was covered with the starry ensign and magnificent floral tributes surmounted by tiny silk flags.

A continuous procession passed the shed, the people stopping a moment and bowing as they went by the entrance. Only distinguished persons were allowed to enter In the afternoon the daughter of Admira Brisson, Maritime Prefect of Cherbourg entered, and kneeling beside the coffin placed at its foot an enormous bouquet of violets entwined with the tricolor.

The most impressive feature of the day. nowever, was the real funeral of Seaman Rodgers of the Chattanooga, who died yesterday in the civil hospital here from nephritis. In the afternoon 100 sailors and firing squad of marines, accompanied by the scarlet coated band of the Brooklyn marched to the hospital and received the body. The escort was augmented there by a detachment of French sailors and soldiers and a number of professional mourners. The route was lined with spectators. Thousands of the inhabitants joined the cortage as it passed along, the band playing the Dead March in Saul. The body of bluejackets mourning their comrade marched in perfect alinement and step. As the coffin passed, the male spectators removed their hats and the women crossed themselves. The coffin was draped with the American flag and was flanked by six messmates of the dead sailor.

Arriving at the cemetery the escort formed a hollow square about the grave, and the Episcopal burial service was read. Then the firing squad delivered three volleys, mourning taps were sounded on the bugle and America had given France a sailor for the one she will take to-morrow.

Paris, July 7.-President Loubet gave a breakfast at the Palace of the Elysée this morning in honor of Gen. Porter and Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, the extraordinary ambassadors appointed by the United States in connection with the transfer of the body of Admiral Paul Jones. The Ministers and their wives and numerous other ladies were present. Ambassador McCormick sat at the right of the President.

Rear Admiral Sigsbee told the correspondent of THE SUN at the railway station prior to his departure for Cherbourg that his visit to France had been most delightful. Prime Minister Rouvier told the Admiral at President Louiet's breakfast that yesterday's parade was the finest and most impressive he had ever seen.

POPE'S PLAN FOR FRANCE. Church There to Be Under the Authority of the Propaganda.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

Paris, July 7.—The Rome correspondent of the Echo de Paris says that the Pope has taken the following measures in view of the passage by the French Chamber of the bill for the separation of Church and State: The French Bishops are ordered to be silent when the bill is officially promulgated The Pope will publish an encyclical recording the Vatican's protest. The Bishops will remain where they are, but only as vicars apostolic, swayed by a Legate chosen by the Vatican. French Catholicism and its vicars will be under the authority of the

Propaganda. MRS. POTTER A BANKRUPT. Order Filed in English Court on Actress's

Own Petition. Special Cable Despatch to THE SON LONDON, July 7 .- A receiving order was made in the Bankruptcy Court to-day against Mrs. James Brown Potter, on her

Mrs. Potter's financial reverse follows her lease and management of a London theater. Her household effects were re-cently sold for the benefit of members of her company who had not been paid.

Will Publish Lecture He Is Not Allowed to Deliver.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN Paris, July 7 .- Jean Jaurès, the Socialist leader, will soon publish in a German review the lecture which he was to deliver at a meeting of the German Social Democrats in Berlin next Sunday, but which he will not be able to deliver now, as the German Government has forbidden his appearance in Berlin.

Spanish Court at Summer Home. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MADRID, July 7 .- The court has gone to San Sebastian for the summer. Gen Weyler, Minister of War, will accompany King Alfonso when his Majesty visits Vienna and Berlin in September.

British Trade Increase.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, July 7.-The Board of Trade returns for June show an increase of \$1.803. 115 in the imports, the total being \$217,787,035 and of \$9,578.135 in the exports, with a total of \$129,926.985.

Father Murphy Dead at Rome.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ROME, July 7.-The Rev. Father Murphy

ector of the Irish College, was found dead

in his bed this morning. He died of heart disease.

Intense Heat and Drought in Spain. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN MADRID, July 7.-The temperature in the sun at Seville yesterday was 135. A terrible drought prevails in the province of Malaga. It is absolutely without water.

Miss Sybil Everett to Wed Abroad.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, July 7 .- The betrothal is announced of Sybil, daughter of Mrs. Sidney Everett of Boston, and Capt. Davenport, formerly of the Rifle Brigade.

The Busy Man's Train.

A complete business day in New York, dinner and a night's rest on the train, barber, bath, and breakfast on the Western lap of the route—a business day in Chicago, a repetition of the westbound programme, and the New Yorker enters upon the work of another day, having traveled 1800 miles without

the loss of a business hour. This is the practical reason for THE PENNSYLVANIA

> Leaves New York 3:55 P. M., arrives Chicago 8:55 A. M. Leaves Chicago 2:45 P. M., arrives New York 9:45 A. M.

J. R. WOOD, GEO, W. BOYD,

Passenger Traffic Manager. General Passenger Agent.

The Man Who Knows what is what, serves

ondonderry

on his own table, and orders it when dining at his club or the hotel.

DIVER CLOSE TO TREASURE SHIP Long Search of Dukes of Argyll for

Armada Wreck May Now Succeed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. TOBERMORY, Scotland, July 7 .- James Gush, a famous West of Scotland diver, yesterday began work at the scene of the wreck of the Florencia, the treasure ship of the Spanish Armada, which was cast away on the coast of Scotland while trying to make its way back to Spain after the Armada's defeat. Within a few hours he had sufficient proof, in the form of sword blades. to show that the divers were in close proximity to the treasure ship.

The Florencia was one of the shattered remnants of the great Armada with which the Spaniards had hoped to conquer the England of Queen Bess, and which after the crushing defeat in the Channel fled northward with her crippled consorts. The tale of history is that a Soot chieftain was captured by the crew of the Florencia when they went sahers on Mull for water. When hey went ashore on Mull for water. When he was taken on board, according to the legend, he threw a torch into the powder magazine, blowing up the ship, killing him-self and most of the crew, and sinking her

self and most of the crew, and sinking her where she lay.

The Florencia was known to be the treasure ship of the Armada. It carried soft yellow gold and great bricks of silver from the New World possessions of Spain, and part of it was to have been used to pay off the sailors for the job of conquering England. In 1842 the Duke of Argyll commenced a search for the galleon.

Three years ago the present Duke became infected with the hereditary gold fever, and set about his work with the best equipment his house had ever summoned. The most modern diving appliances and a The most modern diving appliances and a

The most modern diving appliances and a large tug manned by experts in submarine work has persistently searched every foot of sea bottom off the Isle of Mull. The work was done in summer only, and a few weeks ago was begun for this season.

Although the house of Argyll has spent a great amount of money on the work, under the law of treasure trove the lion's share of the find would revert to the royal treasury.

Won Fame as Clinical Authority and Author of Works on Medicine. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. VIENNA, July 7 .- Prof. Nothnagel, a well known clinical authority and author of

PROF. NOTHNAGEL DEAD.

important medical works, is dead. Herman Nothnagel was born in the Province of Brandenburg, Germany, in 1841 He was graduated from the medical school in Berlin in 1864 and immediately became a teacher, serving in Koenigsburg, Berlin, Breslau and Jena. He was appointed pro-fessor of clinical medicine in Vienna in 1882 nd was the author of a number of well and was the author of a humber of which known medical text books, among which are "Pathology of the Nerves." "Use of Drugs." "Diagnosis of Brain Diseases," "Re-searches in the Physiology and Pathology of the Intestines," and a "Handbook of

AMERICANS AT STATE BALL. Ambassador and Mrs. Reid Among King's Guests at Buckingham Palace.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. London, July 7 .- A state ball was given to-night at Buckingham Palace. Among the Americans present were Ambassador and Mrs. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Anthony

Mr. and Mrs. Reid had previously dined with M. Cambon, the French Ambassador. The guests included the Italian, Russian and Austrian Ambassadors and the Duke of Marlborough.

KING'S EYES TROUBLE HIM. Edward VII. Wears Blue Goggles at the Newmarket Races.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, July 7 .- It was noticed yesterday at Newmarket that King Edward went upon the racecourse wearing blue spectacles, notwithstanding the fact that windows of his brougham were closed, and that he also used them to protect his eyes from the bright light in the after-

noon JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Judgments of absolute divorce were granted in these cases by Justice Gildersleeve to Blanche E. Jerome from Louis E. Jerome, to Margaret E. Loomis from Edward E. Loomis and to Lydis Boftard from litriel Boffard. He has also annulled the marriage of Nellie Acamora and Giuseppe Acamora. The popular Norwich Line steamer City of Lowell will make trips up the Hudson River on Sundays during the summer, commencing to-morrow. The Lowell will leave Pier 40, N. R., at 10 o'clock in the morning, touching at West 129th street at 10:30 No stop is made at up-river points. Fare for the round trip is but 50 cents. The steamer carries a fine orchestra, a lunch counter is maintained on the main deck and the regular dining room of the steamer is open as well.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN OP ARILITY, COLLEGE GRADUATE, TO ACT AS ASSISTANT EDITOR OF MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR TEACHERS; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF PHYSIOLOGY AND BE FAMILIAR WITH PUBLIC SCHOOL WORK IN THE DIFFERENT GRADES. REMUVERATION ADEQUATE. ADDRESS JOURNAL, 23 TRULL ST., BOSTON, MASS.

C. J. DEVLIN'S AFFAIRS. Creditors Will Advance Money to Keep

Mines at Work. TOPERA, Kan., July 7 .- "The Santa F6 Railway Company will not take part in the management of the coal mines which are involved in the failure of C. J. Devlin, said Clifford Husted, attorney for Devlin, to-day. "The creditors will advance money to carry on the mines and the payment of the miners' wages in the southern Kansas coal fields for a time. The Santa Fé is interested only in seeing that coal is furnished them as before. Forty thousand dollars will be advanced by the credi-

"The Illinois miners have just been paid off and nothing will be due for two weeks to come. We hope with the appointment of a receiver the mines will become successfully reestablished."

Cyrus Leland of Troy, Kan., and J. E.

Hurley, general manager of the Santa Fé
Railway system, were to-day appointed
temporary receivers of the properties of C.
J. Devlin, which were placed in voluntary
bankruptey on Thursday night. A bond
of \$25,000 is required.

KANSIS CITY MO. July 7.—The First of \$25.000 is required.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 7.—The First State Bank of Argentine, Kan., a suburb of Kansas City, was subjected to a run this morning because of the failure of Charles J. Devlin. The bank is a branch of the Bank of Commerce of this city, which has over \$30,000,000 on deposit. has over \$30,000,000 on deposit. Devlin owes the Bank of Commerce about \$100,000 and the run is said to be due to the fear that the Devlin failure will hurt the parent

ITCHING SCALP

Hair Fell Out and Was Rapidly Becoming Bald-Tried Many Remedies Without Success For Two Years—Hair Restored and Speedily

CURED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND CINTMENT

"I was greatly annoyed by dandruff for two years. It was so bad that when I combed my hair large flakes would fall from the comb. The itching of the scalp times was almost unbearable. Then my hair began to fall out, starting at the temples. The hair grew thin and I was rapidly becoming bald. Nothing used gave any relief until I began to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The first week I used them they relieved me of the itching scalp, and after six months' constant use the dandruff disappeared, my hair grew over the bald spots, and my

scalp became clean and healthy.

"For the first two months I shampooed my head three times a week with warm water and Cuticura Soap and applied Cuticura Ointment after each shampoo. I used five Boxes of Ointment and seven cakes of Soap. (signed) Thos. Clement, 123 Mechanic St., Camden, N. J., May 12, 1905."

TORTURING, DISFIGURING Humors, Eczemas, and Itchings Cured by Cuticura,

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter, and salt rheumall demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are such stands proven beyond

all doubt. Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, from Pimpies to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cutteura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60c, may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures, Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Bostoft.

YOUR AILMENT IS NATURE'S REPROOF. To overcome that ailment You require Nature's Assistance.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

and an unsurpassed one. It is peculiarly adapted for any constitutional Weakness of the Liver, possesses the power of reparation when digestion has been disturbed or lost, and places the invalid on the right track to Health.

A WORLD OF WOES is avoided by those who keep and use ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' NO FAMILY SHOULD EVER BE WITHOUT IT.

CAUTION.—Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENOS FRUIT SALT; otherwise you have the sincerest form of fattery—IMITATION. Prepared only by J. C. ENO. Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E. Eng. by J. C. ENO'S Patent. Wholesale of Mesers, E. FOUGERA & Co., 26, 28, and 30, North William Street, New York,